

Théorie de la synchronisation - Equation de Duffing

Etude du régime transitoire - Graphes des courbes (X)

Caractéristiques du système

$$T := 0.2 \cdot s \quad \omega_0 := \frac{2 \cdot \pi}{T} \quad J := 8 \cdot 10^{-7} \cdot kg \cdot m^2 \quad q_0 := 270 \cdot deg$$

Frottement visqueux

$$\eta := 0.002 \quad C := 2 \cdot J \cdot \eta \cdot \omega_0 \quad F_{v_max} := C \cdot \omega_0 \cdot q_0 \quad \lambda := \frac{F_{v_max}}{J \cdot \omega_0^2} \quad h := 2 \cdot \frac{\eta}{\lambda}$$

$$F_{v_max} = 0.015 \, N \cdot mm \quad \lambda = 0.019 \quad h = 0.212$$

Frottement quadratique

$$B := 0.05 \cdot F_{v_max} \quad \beta_1 := \frac{B}{\lambda \cdot J \cdot \omega_0^2} \quad \beta_1 = 0.05 \quad F_{q_max} := B \cdot q_0^3 \quad F_{q_max} = 0.078 \, N \cdot mm$$

Excitation harmonique

$$A_c := \frac{8 \cdot h^3}{3 \sqrt{3}} \quad A_c = 0.015 \quad a_c := \sqrt{\frac{4 \cdot A_c}{3 \cdot \beta_1}} \quad a_c = 0.626$$

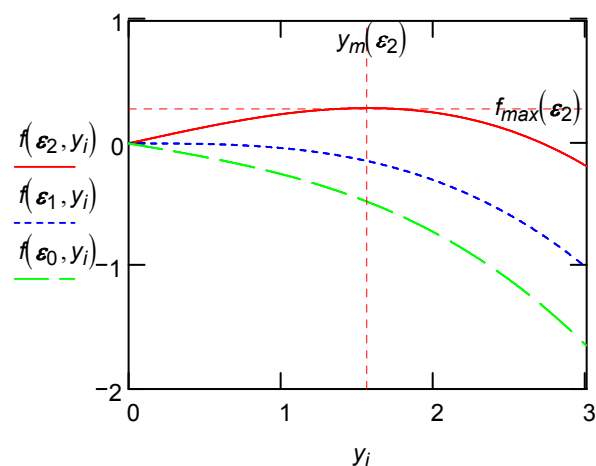
$$F_{harm} := a_c \cdot (\lambda \cdot J \cdot \omega_0^2) \quad F_{harm} = 9.322 \times 10^{-3} \, N \cdot mm$$

Etude des fonctions f(y)

$$n := 1000 \quad i := 0..n \quad \Delta y := \frac{3}{n} \quad y_i := i \cdot \Delta y$$

$$f(\varepsilon, y) := \varepsilon \cdot y - \frac{3}{4} \cdot \beta_1 \cdot y^3 \quad \varepsilon := (-h \quad 0 \quad 1.3 \cdot h)^T \quad \varepsilon^T = (-0.212 \quad 0 \quad 0.276)$$

$$y_m(\varepsilon) := \frac{2}{3} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{\varepsilon}{\beta_1}} \quad y_m(\varepsilon_2) = 1.566 \quad f_{max}(\varepsilon) := \frac{4}{9} \cdot \varepsilon \cdot \sqrt{\frac{\varepsilon}{\beta_1}} \quad f_{max}(\varepsilon_2) = 0.288$$



Graphes des courbes (X)

Courbes en arche simple

$$x_0 := 0 \quad x_1 := 2 \cdot \pi \quad \Delta x := \frac{x_1 - x_0}{n} \quad x_i := x_0 + i \cdot \Delta x$$

$$X1_a := \left[\begin{array}{l} \text{for } i \in 0..n \\ \left| \begin{array}{l} Z \leftarrow \text{polyracines} \left(\left(-a_c \cdot \cos(x_i) \quad \varepsilon_0 \quad 0 \quad \frac{-3}{4} \cdot \beta_1 \right)^T \right) \\ \text{for } j \in 0..2 \\ X_{i,j} \leftarrow Z_j \cdot (Im(Z_j) = 0) \cdot (Re(Z_j) > 0) \end{array} \right. \\ X \end{array} \right]$$

$$X2_a := \left[\begin{array}{l} \text{for } i \in 0..n \\ \left| \begin{array}{l} Z \leftarrow \text{polyracines} \left(\left(-a_c \cdot \cos(x_i) \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad \frac{-3}{4} \cdot \beta_1 \right)^T \right) \\ \text{for } j \in 0..2 \\ X_{i,j} \leftarrow Z_j \cdot (Im(Z_j) = 0) \cdot (Re(Z_j) > 0) \end{array} \right. \\ X \end{array} \right]$$

Courbe en arche cintrée

$$\begin{aligned} a_1 &:= 2 \cdot f_{\max}(\varepsilon_2) \\ x_{\min} &:= \arccos\left(\frac{f_{\max}(\varepsilon_2)}{a_1}\right) \\ x_{\max} &:= 2 \cdot \pi - x_{\min} \\ x_{\min} &= 1.047 \quad x_{\max} = 5.236 \end{aligned} \quad X_{ac} := \left[\begin{array}{l} \text{for } i \in 0..n \\ \left| \begin{array}{l} Z \leftarrow \text{polyracines} \left(\left(-a_1 \cdot \cos(x_i) \quad \varepsilon_2 \quad 0 \quad \frac{-3}{4} \cdot \beta_1 \right)^T \right) \\ \text{for } j \in 0..2 \\ X_{i,j} \leftarrow Z_j \cdot (Im(Z_j) = 0) \cdot (Re(Z_j) > 0) \end{array} \right. \\ X \end{array} \right]$$

Courbes à deux branches

$$\begin{aligned} a_1 &:= f_{\max}(\varepsilon_2) \quad X1_{2b} := \left[\begin{array}{l} \text{for } i \in 0..n \\ \left| \begin{array}{l} Z \leftarrow \text{polyracines} \left(\left(-a_1 \cdot \cos(x_i) \quad \varepsilon_2 \quad 0 \quad \frac{-3}{4} \cdot \beta_1 \right)^T \right) \\ \text{for } j \in 0..2 \\ X_{i,j} \leftarrow Z_j \cdot (Im(Z_j) = 0) \cdot (Re(Z_j) > 0) \end{array} \right. \\ X \end{array} \right] \\ a_1 &:= 0.5 \cdot f_{\max}(\varepsilon_2) \quad X2_{2b} := \left[\begin{array}{l} \text{for } i \in 0..n \\ \left| \begin{array}{l} Z \leftarrow \text{polyracines} \left(\left(-a_1 \cdot \cos(x_i) \quad \varepsilon_2 \quad 0 \quad \frac{-3}{4} \cdot \beta_1 \right)^T \right) \\ \text{for } j \in 0..2 \\ X_{i,j} \leftarrow Z_j \cdot (Im(Z_j) = 0) \cdot (Re(Z_j) > 0) \end{array} \right. \\ X \end{array} \right] \end{aligned}$$

